



VR KONKAN PRIVATE LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT

FY 2022-23



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

VR KONKAN PRIVATE LIMITED*(Formerly known as Elpis Ventures Private Limited)*

Corporate Identification Number: U45309KA2019PTC124570

BOARD OF DIRECTORS**Non-Executive, Nominee Directors**

Mr. Tariq Chinoy (Chairman)

Mr. Pradeep Banerjee

Non-Executive, Independent Directors

Ms. Sumi Gupta

Mr. Sanjeev Jain

Executive Director

Mr. Jay Dayani

Company Secretary

Ms. Twinkle Nautiyal

REGISTERED OFFICE

VR Bengaluru, No. 11b, Sy No. 40/9,
Devasandra Industrial Area, 2 Stage, Kr. Puram,
Hobli, Bangalore – 560 048, Karnataka

Email: vrn_compliance@virtuousretail.comWebsite: www.vrkonkan.co.in**STATUTORY AUDITORS**

S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

12th Floor, UB City Canberra Block No. 24,
Vittal Mallya Road, Bengaluru – 560 001,
Karnataka

DEBENTURE TRUSTEE

Catalyst Trusteeship Limited

GDA House, First Floor, Plot No. 85, S. No. 94
& 95, Bhusari Colony (Right), Kothrud, Pune -
411038, Maharashtra

Contact No.: 022-49220555

Email: compliancectl-mumbai@ctltrustee.comWebsite: www.catalysttrustee.com**REGISTRAR & TRANSFER AGENTS**

Integrated Registry Management Services
Private Limited

2nd Floor Kences Towers 1 Ramakrishna Street
North Usman Road T Nagar Chennai 600017,
Tamil Nadu

Contact No.: 080 23460819

Email: alpha123information@gmail.comWebsite: www.integratedindia.in

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the **4th (Fourth) Annual General Meeting** of the Shareholders of VR Konkan Private Limited will be held on Monday, the 04th day of September 2023, at 03:00 P.M at its Registered Office of the Company situated at VR Bengaluru, No. 11b, Sy No. 40/9, Devasandra Industrial Area, 2nd Stage, Kr. Puram Hobli Bengaluru, Bangalore-560048, Karnataka, to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. **To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Annual Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March 2023 together with the Report of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.**

To consider, and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:**

“RESOLVED THAT the annual financial statements comprising of Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2023 and the Statement of Profit and Loss Account along with Cash Flow Statement of the Company for the year ended on 31st March 2023 including with the schedules and notes attached thereto, together with the report of the Auditors and the Board of Directors thereon, placed before the meeting, be and are hereby approved and adopted.”

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

2. **To consider and amend the constitutive document of the Company in accordance with the requirement of Regulation 23(6) of the NCS Regulations and the Debenture Trustee Regulations.**

To consider, and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution:**

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 2(5), 14 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and pursuant to the terms of the Bond Trust Deed, Regulation 23(6) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, clause (e) of sub-regulation (1) of Regulation 15 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Debenture Trustees) Regulations, 1993 and other relevant regulations and laws, consent of the Shareholders of the Company, be and is hereby accorded to amend the Articles of Association (“constitutive document”) of the Company by adopting the amended and restated constitutive document as annexed hereto, the draft copy of which has been placed before the shareholders.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, Article 8.3.3 to be inserted in the constitutive document as under:

8.3.3 - Appointment of Nominee Director by the Debenture Trustee

- (i) The Board shall be authorized, from time to time, to appoint the nominee of any debenture trustee appointed by the Company in relation to the issuance of non-convertible debentures, non-convertible bonds and other debt securities issued or to be issued by the Company, from time to time (“Debenture Trustees”), as a nominee director on the Board, in accordance with applicable law, including the regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, from time to time and the documents executed or to be executed by the Company in relation to the issuance of such non-convertible debentures, non-convertible bonds and other debt securities issued or to be issued by the Company.
- (ii) Any amendment to Article 8.3.2.(i) above or this Article 8.3.2.(ii), whether directly or indirectly, shall require the prior written consent of the Debenture Trustee that has nominated any nominee director on the Board, in addition to the special resolution of the shareholders of the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Mr. Jay Dayani, Director or Company Secretary of the Company, be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds, things including filing of the necessary forms with the concerned Registrar of Companies (RoC) and give such directions as may be deemed necessary or expedient to give effect to the above resolution and for matters connected therewith or ancillary or incidental thereto.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Mr. Jay Dayani, Director or Company Secretary of the Company, be and are hereby severally authorized to furnish a certified true copy of the above resolutions to any person concerned for their information and records.”

By Order of the Board of Directors
For **VR Konkan Private Limited**

Sd/-
Twinkle

Company Secretary
Membership no.: A69052

Date: August 9, 2023
Place: Gurugram

NOTES:

1. A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT 4th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (“AGM” or “Meeting”) OF THE COMPANY IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE INSTEAD OF HIMSELF OR HERSELF. A PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. A person can act as a Proxy on behalf of Members not exceeding 50 (fifty) and holding in aggregate not more than 10% (ten percent) of the total share capital of the Company. However, a Member holding more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company may appoint a single person as a Proxy and such person shall not act as a Proxy for any other Member.
2. A Proxy Form is sent herewith. In case any Member wants to appoint a Proxy, duly completed and stamped Proxy Form, must reach the Registered Office of the Company not later than 48 hours before the time for holding the aforesaid Meeting.
3. Corporate Member intending to send its authorised representatives to attend the Meeting in terms of Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013 is requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorizing such representative to attend and vote on its behalf at the Meeting.
4. Members/Proxies/Authorised Representatives are requested to bring the attendance slips duly filled in for attending the Meeting. Members who hold shares in dematerialised form are requested to write their client ID and DP ID numbers and those who hold shares in physical form are requested to write their Folio Number in the attendance slip for attending the Meeting.
5. The Annual Report for the financial year ended 31st March 2023 comprising of the Financial Statement together with the Report of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon, is annexed hereto.
6. The relevant Explanatory Statement pursuant to section 102 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of Special Business at the meeting, is annexed hereto and forms part of this notice.
7. Members seeking any information or clarification on the Financial Statements are requested to send written queries to the Company, atleast seven days before the date of the Meeting to enable the management to keep the required information available at the Meeting.
8. All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement along with the Statutory Registers maintained by the Company as per the Companies Act, 2013 shall be open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during normal business hours (9:30 AM to 6:30 PM) on all working days, (except Saturday) up to and including the date of the AGM of the Company and also will be available for inspection by the Members at the AGM venue.
9. The route map of the venue of the Annual General Meeting is enclosed and forms part of the Notice of this meeting.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2013

Item no. 2

To consider and amend constitutive document of the Company in accordance with the requirement of Regulation 23(6) of the NCS Regulations and the Debenture Trustee Regulations.

One of the requirements of Regulation 23(6) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Non- Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (“NCS Regulations”) is that the Company have a provision in its constitutive document to require the Board to appoint the person nominated by the debenture trustee(s) in terms of clause (e) of sub-regulation (1) of Regulation 15 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Debenture Trustees) Regulations, 1993 (“Debenture Trustee Regulations”) as a director on the Board.

In order to comply with the above regulations, we propose to make necessary amendments to our Constitutional Document, which would enable us to operate in accordance with the regulations mentioned above.

The proposed amendments would ensure that our Company is in compliance with the NCS Regulations and the Debenture Trustee Regulations, and will help us in maintaining transparency, accountability and good corporate governance practices.

We would like to assure our shareholders that the proposed amendments do not affect the rights or interests of the shareholders in any way and are solely aimed at complying with the regulatory requirements.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and/ or their relatives is concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in this resolution.

The Board recommended the resolution set forth in Item No. 2 for the approval of the members.

By Order of the Board of Directors
For **VR Konkan Private Limited**

Sd/-

Twinkle

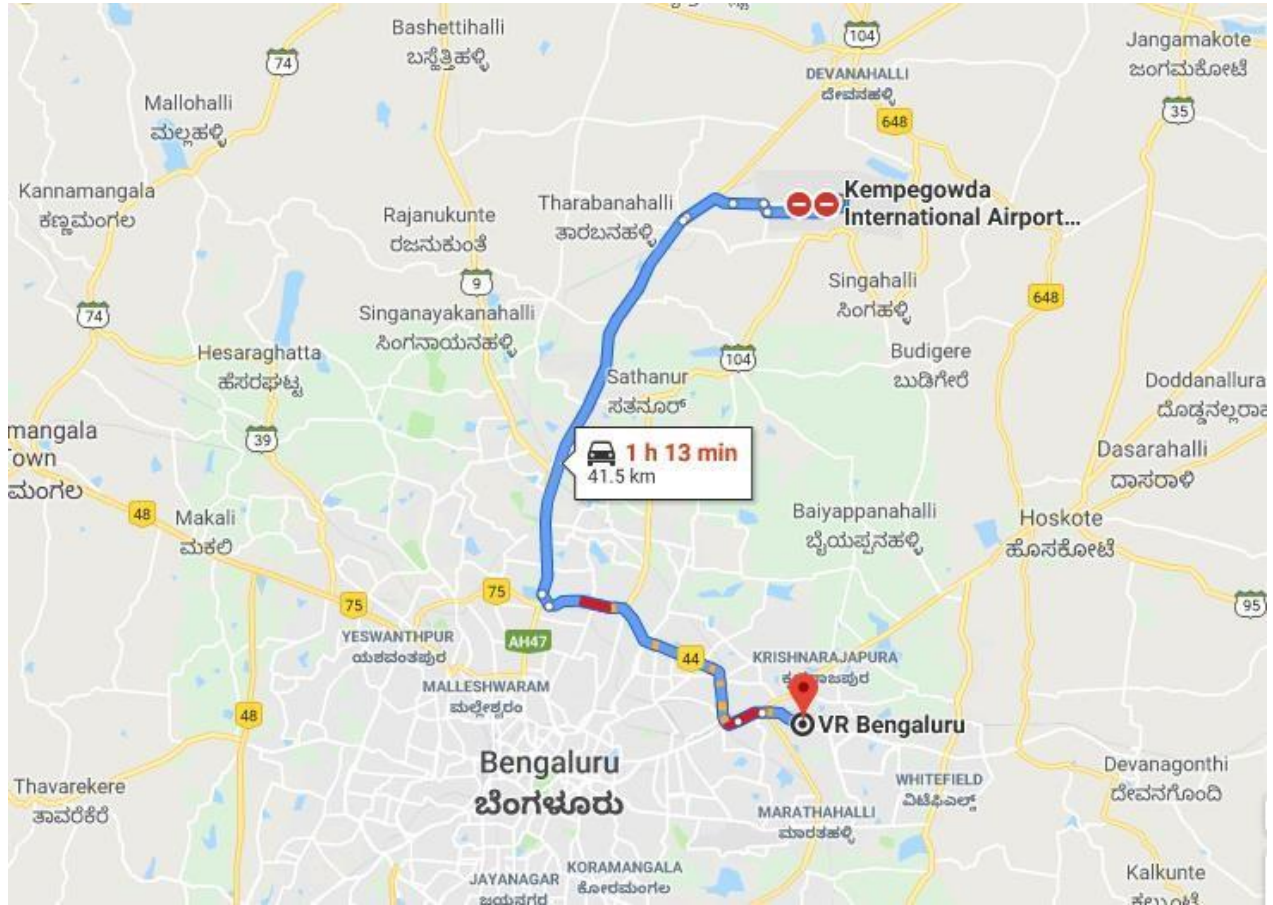
Company Secretary

Membership no.: A69052

Date: August 9, 2023

Place: Gurugram

ROUTE MAP



Form No. MGT-11

PROXY FORM

[Pursuant to Section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

CIN : U45309KA2019PTC124570
 Name of the Company : **VR Konkan Private Limited**
 Registered Office : VR Bengaluru, No. 11b, Sy No. 40/9, Devasandra Industrial Area, 2nd Stage, KR. Puram Hobli Bangalore KA 560048 IN

Name of the member (s) :
 Registered Address :
 E-mail Id :
 Folio No/ Client Id :
 DP Id :

I/We, being the member (s) of the above named Company, hereby appoint:

1. Name:	2. Name:
Address:	Address:
E-mail Id:	E-mail Id:
Signature:, or failing him	Signature:

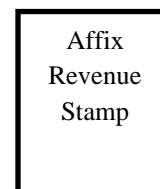
as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 4th Annual General Meeting of the Company, to be held on Monday, the 04th day of September 2023, at 03:00 P.M at its Registered Office of the Company situated at VR Bengaluru, No. 11b, Sy No. 40/9, Devasandra Industrial Area, 2nd Stage, Kr. Puram Hobli Bengaluru, Bangalore-560048, Karnataka, and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

Item No.	Resolution
1.	To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Annual Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March 2023 together with the Report of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
2.	To consider and amend constitutive document of the Company in accordance with the requirement of Regulation 23(6) of the NCS Regulations and the Debenture Trustee Regulations.

Signed this..... day of..... 2023

Signature of Shareholder

Signature of Proxy Holder(s)



Note: This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.

ATTENDANCE SLIP

I hereby record my presence at the 4th Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of VR Konkan Private Limited held on Monday, the 04th day of September 2023, at 03:00 P.M at its Registered Office of the Company situated at VR Bengaluru, No. 11b, Sy No. 40/9, Devasandra Industrial Area, 2nd Stage, Kr. Puram Hobli Bengaluru, Bangalore-560048, Karnataka.

Full Name of Shareholder/ Proxy (in BLOCK LETTER)	
Address in Full	
DP ID	
Client ID	
Shares held	

(Shareholder/Proxy)

*Strike out whichever is not applicable

NOTE: Members who have multiple folios may use copies of this attendance slip. Only Shareholders of the Company or their Proxies will be allowed to attend the Meeting.

BOARD'S REPORT

Dear Members,

The Board of Directors ("Board") are pleased to present the 4th Annual Report of VR Konkan Private Limited (*formerly Elpis Ventures Private Limited*) together with Audited Financial Statement of the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March 2023 ("FY 2022-23").

1. FINANCIAL SUMMARY OR HIGHLIGHTS

(INR in Millions)

Particulars	Year Ended 31 st March 2023	Year Ended 31 st March 2022
Total Income	30.13	21.15
Total Expenditure	594.35	44.90
Profit / (Loss) before exceptional item and tax	(564.22)	(23.75)
Exceptional Item	(2173.11)	0
Profit / (Loss) before tax	(2737.33)	(23.75)
Less: Tax Expenses	0	0
Profit / (Loss) after tax	(2737.33)	(23.75)
Earning per share (EPS)	(45.62)	(0.40)
Basic and Diluted		

The Company does not have any subsidiaries, associates and joint venture; therefore, the Company was not required to prepare a consolidated financial statement.

2. STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS

The Company is engaged in the development and construction of mixed-use real estate projects. The Company is developing commercial building at Thane, Mumbai on land purchased for the purpose of development of mixed use project. Due to outbreak of COVID 19, the construction operations and completion timelines of ongoing projects were impacted. The Company has suspended the capitalisation of borrowing cost on account of suspension of active development of its ongoing project for the quarter ended 31st December 2022 and 31st March 2023, pending receipt of plan approval.

However, the Company is confident of obtaining the requisite approvals for its ongoing projects from the concerned authorities in due course of time. Further, the Company will continue to closely monitor the project timelines and take into account any future developments arising out of the same.

3. CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS

During the FY 2022-23, there was no change in the nature of business of the Company.

4. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

There have been no changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year ended 31st March 2023 and the date of the report.

5. SHARE CAPITAL & DEBENTURE

a. *Share Capital*

There has been no change in the capital structure of the Company. As on 31st March 2023, the Authorised Share Capital of the Company stand at INR 600,100,000/- and Issued & Paid-up Share Capital of the Company stand at INR 600,010,000/-.

b. *Listed Non-Convertible Debentures*

The Company has issued and allotted 1112 Unsecured, Rated, Listed, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Debentures having the Face Value of Rs. 10,00,000/- each to Robusta Holdings Pte. Ltd. on 19th October 2022 and the same were listed on BSE Limited on 4th November 2022.

As on 31st March 2023, following are the debentures are listed on BSE Limited:

- i. 6510 Unsecured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Debentures having the Face Value of Rs. 10,00,000/- each in two tranches to Robusta Holdings Pte. Ltd. on 21st November 2019 and 6th December 2019
- ii. 1112 Unsecured, Redeemable, Non-Convertible Debentures having the Face Value of Rs. 10,00,000/- each to Robusta Holdings Pte. Ltd. on 19th October 2022.

6. DEBENTURE TRUSTEE

The details of Debenture Trustee for the above mentioned NCDs are as under:

Catalyst Trusteeship Limited

Address: GDA House, First Floor, Plot No. 85, S. No. 94 & 95, Bhusari Colony (Right), Kothrud, Pune- 411038, Maharashtra

Contact No.: 022-49220555 | Fax No.: 022-49220505

Email Id: compliancectl-mumbai@ctltrustee.com | Website: www.catalysttrustee.com

7. CREDIT RATING

The Company had the following credit rating for its borrowing instruments:

Instruments	Agencies	Rating	Outlook	Date
6510 Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures	ICRA Limited	BB	Stable	4 th November 2019
1112 Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures	ICRA Limited	BB	Stable	23 rd September 2022

8. DIVIDEND

In view of losses, the Board of Directors of the Company has not recommended any dividend on the equity shares for the financial year ended 31st March 2023.

9. RESERVES

The Company has incurred a loss therefore no amount has been transferred to reserve.

10. DEPOSITS

During the FY 2022-23, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

11. HOLDING/SUBSIDIARY/JOINT VENTURES/ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

M/s. Moribus Holdings Pte. Ltd. is the Holding Company. The Company doesn't have any Subsidiary, Associate and Joint Venture for the financial year ended on 31st March 2023.

12. DIRECTORS & KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**a. Board Composition**

The composition of the Board of Directors as on 31st March 2023, are as follows:

- i. Mr. Tariq Chinoy, Nominee Director (Chairman)
- ii. Mr. Pradeep Banerjee, Nominee Director
- iii. Ms. Sumi Gupta, Independent Director
- iv. Mr. Sanjeev Jain, Independent Director
- v. Mr. Jay Dayani, Executive Director

During the FY 2022-23, the following changes have occurred in the composition of the Board:

S. No.	Name of Director/KMP	Designation	Date of Change	Reason for Change
1	Mr. Sanjeev Sharma	Additional Director	25 th April 2022	Appointment
2	Mr. Tariq Chinoy	Additional Director	1 st July 2022	Appointment
3	Mr. Nipun Jain	Director	1 st July 2022	Cessation
4	Mr. Nanda Kishore Ladella	Additional Director	12 th July 2022	Appointment
5	Mr. Kumaran Rajamanickam Walaja	Director	12 th July 2022	Cessation
6	Mr. Sanjeev Sharma	Director	30 th September 2022	Change in Designation
7	Mr. Tariq Chinoy	Nominee Director	30 th September 2022	Change in Designation
8	Mr. Nanda Kishore Ladella	Director	30 th September 2022	Change in Designation
9	Mr. Sanjeev Sharma	Director	9 th December 2022	Cessation
10	Mr. Pradeep Banerjee	Nominee Director	10 th March 2023	Appointment
11	Mr. Sanjeev Jain	Independent Director	31 st March 2023	Appointment
12	Ms. Sumi Gupta	Independent Director	31 st March 2023	Appointment
13	Mr. Jay Dayani	Director	31 st March 2023	Appointment
14	Mr. Nanda Kishore Ladella	Director	31 st March 2023	Cessation

b. Key Managerial Personnel

During the year, Ms. Surbhi Zawar has resigned from the position of Company Secretary of the Company w.e.f. 14th August 2022.

Further, pursuant to Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, Ms. Twinkle Nautiyal was appointed as the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company w.e.f. 1st June 2023.

13. DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

The Company has appointed Ms. Sumi Gupta and Mr. Sanjeev Jain w.e.f. 31st March 2023, as an Independent Directors of the Company. Both the directors have confirmed their independency under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Further, in terms of Section 150 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, the Independent Directors of the Company have confirmed that they have registered themselves with the databank maintained by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs. Therefore, the Board is of the opinion that the Independent Directors are persons of integrity, possess relevant expertise, experience, proficiency, fulfil the conditions of independence specified in the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations.

14. MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Seven meetings of the Board of Directors were held during FY 2022-23 and the requisite quorum was present in all the meeting. The gap between two meetings did not exceed one hundred twenty days.

15. BOARD EVALUATION

The annual evaluation of the performance of the Board, its committee pursuant to the provision of Section 134(3)(p) of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company. However, the Board expressed satisfaction on overall functioning of the Board, and the performance of the individual Directors.

16. BOARD COMMITTEES

a. Audit Committee

Pursuant to Regulation 18 of the Securities & Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company has constituted the Audit Committee effective from 31st March 2023, comprising three non-executive directors, i.e. Ms. Sumi Gupta (Chairperson), Mr. Sanjeev Jain and Mr. Tariq Chinoy. There was no meeting were held during the financial year.

b. Nomination & Remuneration Committee

Pursuant to Regulation 19 of the Securities & Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company has constituted the Nomination and Remuneration Committee effective from 31st March 2023, comprising three non-executive directors, i.e. Ms. Sumi Gupta (Chairperson), Mr. Sanjeev Jain and Mr. Tariq Chinoy. There was no meeting were held during the financial year.

The Remuneration policy covers the remuneration for the Directors and other employees (under senior management cadre and management cadre). The Policy has been formulated with the following key objectives:

- i. To ensure that employee remuneration is in alignment with business strategy & objectives, organisation values and long-term interests of the organisation.
- ii. To ensure objectivity, fairness and transparency in determination of employees' remuneration.

- iii. To ensure the level and composition of remuneration are reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate a high-performance workforce and are in compliance with all applicable laws.

It covers various heads of remuneration including benefits for Directors and employees. It also covers the process followed with respect to annual performance reviews and variables considered for revision in the remuneration.

17. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company does not fall in any of the criteria laid down in section 135(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder and therefore the Company is not required to comply with the relevant provisions of the said section during the year under review.

18. STATUTORY AUDITOR

M/s. S R Batliboi & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.101049W/E300004) were appointed in the Annual General Meeting held on 28th September 2020, as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of 5 years i.e. from the Annual General Meeting conducted for the year ended 2020 until the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held in 2025.

19. SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

The Company has appointed M/s. Sourav & Associates, to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the FY 2022-23 in their Board Meeting held on 14th February 2023.

The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended 31st March 2023 shall be annexed as **Annexure A**. The Secretarial Audit Report issued by the Secretarial Auditor contains the following observation:

S. No.	Observation	Explanation
1	As per Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 8A of Companies (Appointment and remuneration) Rules, 2014, every private company which has a paid-up share capital of ten crore rupees or more shall have a whole -time company secretary, whereas, as on March 31, 2023, no Compliance Officer was appointed by the company. However, the Company has appointed Ms. Twinkle Nautiyal, as the Whole-time Company Secretary and Compliance Officer w.e.f. 1 st June 2023.	The Company could not find the suitable candidate to fill the vacancy as required. The hiring process was undergoing during the year under review. However, the Company has appointed Ms. Twinkle as the Company Secretary of the Company w.e.f. 1 st June 2023.
2	The Company was not maintaining the functional website pursuant to the provisions of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and the Companies Act, 2013. However, the Company has updated its website as on date of this report.	The Company currently has a operational website as of the date of this report and takes measures to consistently update and maintain its functionality.

20. AUDITORS' REPORT

The Auditors' Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark. The notes on financial statement referred to in the Auditors' Report are self-explanatory and do not call for any further explanation and comments.

21. REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY AUDITORS

During the year under review, no instances of fraud were reported by the Statutory Auditors of the Company under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

22. MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS

Your Company doesn't fall under the classes of companies as specified under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014. Accordingly, the Company is not required to maintain Cost Records as specified by the Central Government.

23. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

The statutory auditors, in their audit report have given disclaimer of opinion on internal financial controls however your directors believe that the Company has put in place internal financial control systems, commensurate with the size of the Company and nature of its business. Taking cognizance of the significance of the system & its impact on the growth & objectives of the Company, the Board & the Management of the Company are striving continuously for ensuring more stringent and effective internal financial control system for the Company.

The Observation related to Internal Financial Control is mentioned under the Disclaimer of Opinion in Auditor's Report.

S. No.	Observation	Explanation
1	The Company has not established its internal financial control with reference to financial statements on criteria based on or considering the essentials components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI. Because of this reason, we are unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide basis of our opinion whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements as at 31 st March 2023 and whether such internal financial controls were operating effectively. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on Internal Financial Controls with reference to these financial statements.	The Company has established & operating Internal Financial Controls as per the industry standards, however certain additional control mechanism needs to be incorporated in the existing control to meet the criteria based on or considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

24. RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk is an integral part of any business and almost every decision requires the management to balance risk and reward. The Company is exposed to a variety of risks, including liquidity risk, interest rate risk, market risk, credit risk, operational risk, technology risk, operational risk, regulatory and compliance risk, reputational risk, business continuity risk, legal risk and competition risk. Risk Management is continuous process and Company is constantly monitoring its applicable risk and seek modern and scientific methods to mitigate the same. Further, the Company had constituted the Risk Management Committee to monitor and evaluate the same.

25. ANNUAL RETURN

In accordance with the provisions of Section 92(3) read with Section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Return for the financial year ended 31st March 2023 is available on the website of the Company at www.vrkonkan.co.in.

26. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO***a. Conservation of Energy***

The Company's operations are not energy-intensive and as such involve low energy consumption. However, adequate measures have been taken to conserve the consumption of energy.

b. Technology Absorption

Operations of the Company do not involve any kind of special technology and there was no expenditure on research & development during this financial year. However, your Company continues to upgrade its technology (computer technology and telecom infrastructure) in ensuring it is connected with its clients across the globe.

c. Foreign Exchange Earnings and outgo

The Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo for the FY 2022-23 are as follows.:

(INR in Millions)

Particulars	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Foreign Exchange Earnings	Nil	Nil
Foreign Exchange Outgo	Nil	Nil

27. DISCLOSURE UNDER THE PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

During the financial year under review, the number of employees of the Company is less than 10, hence the requirement of the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 is not applicable on the Company. Further, there was no report of harassment during FY 2022-23.

28. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES, SECURITIES OR INVESTMENTS

The Company has not given any loans, guarantees, provided any securities and made any investments, during the year under review. Also, the details of loan, guarantee, investments made during the financial year ended 31st March 2023, are provided in the financial statements annexed to this Annual Report.

29. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

All contracts / arrangements / transactions entered by the Company during the financial year ended 31st March 2023 with related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis, pursuant to the Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Related Party Transactions are being reported in the requisite Form AOC-2 is annexed as **Annexure B**.

30. VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has established a vigil mechanism and overseas the genuine concerns expressed by the employees and other Directors. The Company has also provided adequate safeguards against victimization of employees and Directors who express their concerns. The Company has also provided direct access to one of the Directors authorized by the Board, on reporting issues concerning the interests of employees and the Company.

31. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

No employee, Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company was in receipt of remuneration in excess of the amount specified in Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 during the year under review.

As the Company is not considered as a listed company (as only NCDs are listed and not the equity shares), the provisions of Section 197 of the Act read with rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 pertaining to disclosure of remuneration related details of the employees are not applicable to the Company and hence details thereof are not furnished in this report.

32. SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has complied with all the applicable secretarial standards issued by Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) on Meeting of the Board as well as General Meeting.

33. PROCEEDING UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016

During the year under review, there were no proceedings initiated/pending by or against your Company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 which has materially impact the business of the Company.

34. DETAILS OF DIFFERENCE BETWEEN AMOUNT OF THE VALUATION DONE AT THE TIME OF ONE TIME SETTLEMENT AND THE VALUATION DONE WHILE TAKING LOAN FROM THE BANKS OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS ALONG WITH THE REASONS THEREOF

The provision related to the difference between the amounts of the valuation done at the time of one-time settlement and valuation done while taking loan from Bank(s) or Financial Institution(s) does not apply to your Company.

35. SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS

During the FY 2022-23, there were no significant and material orders passed by the regulators/courts/tribunals, which have impact on the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

36. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 the Board hereby submit its responsibility Statement:

- i. In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- ii. The Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the loss of the Company for that period;
- iii. The Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv. The Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- v. The Directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- vi. The Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

37. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors place on record their sincere thanks to bankers, business associates, consultants, and various Government Authorities for their continued support extended to your Companies activities during the year under review. Your Directors also acknowledges gratefully the shareholders for their support and confidence reposed in your Company.

For and on behalf of the Board
VR Konkan Private Limited

Sd/-

Tariq Chinoy

Director

(DIN: 08830666)

Date: August 9, 2023

Place: Gurugram

Sd/-

Jay Dayani

Director

(DIN: 09663289)

Date: August 9, 2023

Place: Gurugram

Annexure A

FORM MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON 31ST MARCH, 2023

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To

The Members

VR Konkan Private Limited

Formerly known as Elpis Ventures Private Limited

CIN: U45309KA2019PTC124570

VR Bengaluru, No. 11b, SY No. 40/9,

Devasandra Industrial Area, 2 Stage,

Kr. Puram Hobli Bangalore -560048

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **VR Konkan Private Limited** (hereinafter called the ‘Company’) for the financial year ended 31st March, 2023. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company’s books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the **audit period** covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023 according to the provisions of:

- i. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (‘SCRA’) and the rules made thereunder;
- iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings. [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period under review except provisions related to annul return of Foreign Liabilities & Assets];
- v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (‘SEBI Act’):-

- a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011 including the provisions with regard to disclosures and maintenance of records required under the said Regulations [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period under review];
 - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period under review];
 - d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021;
 - e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period under review];
 - f. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act, 2013 and dealing with client to the extent of the securities issued [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period under review];
 - g. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period under review]; and
 - h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 [Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period under review];
- vi. Other laws applicable specifically to the Company namely: NA

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards (SS-1 & SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Meetings of the Board and General Meetings.
- (ii) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;

During the period under review the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We have not examined Compliance with respect to applicable financial laws, like direct and indirect tax laws, since the same have been subject to review by statutory financial audit and other designated professionals.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above *except following*:

- *As per Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 8A of Companies (Appointment and remuneration) Rules, 2014, every private company which has a paid-up share capital of ten crore rupees or more shall have a whole -time company secretary, whereas, as on March 31, 2023, no Compliance Officer was appointed by the company. However, the Company has appointed Ms. Twinkle Nautiyal, as the Whole-time Company Secretary and Compliance Officer w.e.f. 1st June 2023.*
- *The Company was not maintaining the functional website pursuant to the provisions of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and the Companies Act, 2013. However, the Company has updated its website as on date of this report.*

We further report that:

Adequate notices were given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings. Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions at Board Meetings were carried with requisite majority as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors.

As per the records, the Company has generally filed all the returns, documents and resolutions, forms, as were required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies and other authorities and all the formalities relating to the same is generally in compliance with the Act.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

Place: New Delhi
Date: August 9, 2023

For M/s Sourav & Associates
Company Secretaries

Sd/-
CS Sourav
(Proprietor)
Practicing Company Secretary
ACS No. 46883; CP No. 21259
UDIN: A046883E000771607

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as “ANNEXURE A” and forms an integral part of this report.

Annexure A

To

The Members

VR Konkan Private Limited

Formerly known as Elpis Ventures Private Limited

CIN: U45309KA2019PTC124570

VR Bengaluru, No. 11b, SY No. 40/9,

Devasandra Industrial Area, 2 Stage,

Kr. Puram Hobli Bangalore -560048

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- (1) Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- (2) We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
- (3) We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- (4) Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- (5) The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- (6) The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management as conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: New Delhi

Date: August 9, 2023

For Sourav & Associates

Company Secretaries

Sd/-

**CS Sourav
(Proprietor)**

**Practicing Company Secretary
ACS No. 46883; CP No. 21259
UDIN: A046883E000771607**

Annexure B

FORM NO. AOC-2

(Pursuant to Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

- a) Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: **Not applicable**

Name(s) of the related party	
Nature of relationship	
Nature of contracts /arrangements /transactions	
Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions	
Salient terms of the contracts /arrangements/ transactions including the value, if any	
Justification for entering into such contracts/ arrangements or transactions	
Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any	
Amount paid as advances, if any	
Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	

- b) Details of material contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis:

(INR in Millions)

S. No.	Name(s) of the related party	Nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions	Duration of the contracts/arrangements/transactions	Terms of the contracts/arrangements/transactions including the value, if any	Date of approval by the Board, if any	Amount paid as advances, if any
1	VR South Asia Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Mall Development Fee	Valid until mutually terminated by the parties	367.63	26 th April 2022	Nil

For and on behalf of the Board
VR Konkan Private Limited

Sd/-

Tariq Chinoy
Director
(DIN: 08830666)

Date: August 9, 2023

Place: Gurugram

Sd/-

Jay Dayani
Director
(DIN: 09663289)

Date: August 9, 2023

Place: Gurugram

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of VR Konkan Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of VR Konkan Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, its loss including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
<u>Assessing the recoverability of carrying value of Capital work-in-progress (CWIP)</u> (as described in note 2.2(d) and note 3(b)(iii) of the financial statements)	
<p>As at March 31, 2023, the carrying value of CWIP is Rs. 8,738.00 million and the carrying value is calculated using land costs, construction costs, interest costs and other related costs. Management reviews on a periodical basis whether there are any indicators of impairment i.e., ensuring that CWIP is carried at no more than its recoverable amount.</p> <p>We considered the valuation of CWIP as a key audit matter given the value of the underlying Asset and the significant estimates and judgment involved in its impairment assessment.</p>	<p>Our audit procedures included, among others, the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We assessed the Company's valuation methodology and assumptions based on current economic and market conditions applied in determining the recoverable amount. • We obtained and read the management internal valuation or valuation report used by the management for determining the fair value ('recoverable amount') of CWIP. • We considered the independence, competence and objectivity of the management specialist involved in determination of valuation. • We assessed the Company's valuation methodology including key property data used as input. • We compared the recoverable amount of CWIP to the carrying value in books. • We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures made in the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting

estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except that the Company does not have server physically located in India for the daily backup of the books of account and other books and papers maintained in electronic mode.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;

- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph (b) above.
- (g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in “Annexure 2” to this report;
- (h) The provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are not applicable to the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023;
- (i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv.
 - a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities (“Intermediaries”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - c) Based on such audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to

believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

- v. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.
- vi. As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable for the Company only w.e.f. April 1, 2023, reporting under this clause is not applicable.

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004

Sd/-

per Adarsh Ranka
Partner
Membership Number: 209567
UDIN: 23209567BGXVZI6778

Place of Signature: Bengaluru, India
Date: May 30, 2023

Annexure 1 Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading “Report on other legal and regulatory requirements” of our report of even date

Re: VR Konkan Private Limited

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that:

- (i) (a)(A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, plant and equipment.
- (a)(B) The Company has not capitalized any Intangible assets in the books of the Company and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) All property, plant and equipment have not been physically verified by the management during the year but there is a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) The title deeds (registered sale deed/ transfer deed) of immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in note 4.1 to the financial statements included in Capital work-in-progress are held in the name of the Company. Immovable properties of land whose title deeds have been pledged as security for term loans, are held in the name of the Company based on confirmations received by us from lenders/ trustees.
- (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, plant and equipment during the year ended March 31, 2023
- (e) As disclosed in note 39 (i) to financial statements, there are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The Company’s business does not require maintenance of inventories and, accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) As disclosed in note 12 to the financial statements, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. five crores in aggregate from financial institutions during any point of time of the year on the basis of security of current assets of the Company. Based on representation given by the management, there were no requirements of filing quarterly returns or statements with such banks and financial institutions during the year. Hence, we are unable to comment on the agreement with the books of account of the Company.

- (iii)
 - (a) During the year, the Company has not provided loans, advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee or provided security to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans, investments and guarantees to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties are not prejudicial to the Company's interest. Also refer note 6(b) to the financial statements.
 - (c) In respect of loans granted to the party covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated for the loan granted and the repayment is regular as stipulated.
 - (d) There are no amounts of loans and advances in the nature of loans granted to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties which are overdue for more than ninety days.
 - (e) There were no loans or advance in the nature of loan granted to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties which had fallen due during the year.
 - (f) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (iv) Loans, investments, guarantees and security in respect of which provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable have been complied with by the Company.
 - (v) The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (vi) The Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, for the products/services of the Company.
 - (vii)
 - (a) Undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, goods and service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities. The provisions relating to employees' state insurance are not applicable to the Company. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on audit procedures performed by us, no undisputed amounts payable in

respect of these statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) There are no dues of goods and services tax, provident fund, income tax, sales-tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty, value added tax, cess, and other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

- (viii) The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (ix)
 - (a) Based on information and explanations given by the management and confirmations given by lenders, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) Term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.
 - (d) The Company did not raise any funds on short-term basis during the year hence, the requirement to report on clause (ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (e) The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (f) The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on Clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (x)
 - (a) The Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments) hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares /fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year under audit and hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (xi)
 - (a) No material fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by secretarial auditor or by us in Form ADT – 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.

- (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a nidhi Company as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given by the management and audit procedures performed by us, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards. The provisions of section 177 are not applicable to the Company and accordingly the requirements to report under clause 3(xiii) of the Order insofar as it relates to section 177 of the Act is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv) (a) The Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) We were unable to obtain any of the internal audit reports of the Company as the internal audit is currently under process, hence we are unable to comment on the requirements under this clause.
- (xv) The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company is not engaged in any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) There is no Core Investment Company as a part of the Group, hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses in the current year amounting to Rs. 564.22 million. In the immediately preceding financial year, the Company had incurred cash losses amounting to Rs. 23.75 million.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly requirement to report on Clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in Note 37 to the financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of

the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions and considering the Company's current liabilities exceeds the current assets by Rs. 392.75 million, the Company has obtained the letter of financial support from the Holding Company, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- (xx) (a) The provisions of Section 135 to the Companies Act, 2013 in relation to Corporate Social Responsibility is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The provisions of Section 135 to the Companies Act, 2013 in relation to Corporate Social Responsibility is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004

Sd/-
per Adarsh Ranka
Partner
Membership Number: 209567
UDIN: 23209567BGXVZI6778

Place of Signature: Bengaluru, India
Date: May 30, 2023

Annexure 2 to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the financial statements of VR Konkan Private Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We were engaged to audit the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of VR Konkan Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023, in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by ICAI.

Because of the matter described in Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph below, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on internal financial controls with reference to these financial statements of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Disclaimer of Opinion

According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not established its internal financial control with reference to financial statements on criteria based on or considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI. Because of this reason, we are unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for our opinion whether the Company had adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements as at March 31, 2023 and whether such internal financial controls were operating effectively. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on Internal Financial Controls with reference to these financial statements.

Explanatory paragraph

We also have audited, in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by ICAI, as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act, the financial statements of VR Konkan Private Limited, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, and the related Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and our report dated May 30, 2023 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon. We have considered the disclaimer reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the financial statements of the Company, and the disclaimer does not affect our opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004

Sd/-
per Adarsh Ranka
Partner
Membership Number: 209567
UDIN: 23209567BGXVZI6778

Place of Signature: Bengaluru, India
Date: May 30, 2023

VR Konkan Private Limited
CIN: U45309KA2019PTC124570
Balance sheet as at March 31, 2023

		(Rs. in millions)	
	Notes	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
Assets			
Non- current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	0.42	0.13
Capital work-in-progress	4.1	8,738.00	9,978.22
Financial assets			
Investments	5	0.00	0.00
Loans	6	142.50	142.50
Other financial assets	7	52.64	36.33
Assets for current tax (net)		3.83	0.35
Other non-current assets	8	82.19	61.14
		9,019.58	10,218.67
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	23.35	14.74
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	9	0.26	32.00
Other current financial assets	7	1.26	1.09
Other current assets	8	0.10	0.07
		24.97	47.90
Total assets		9,044.55	10,266.57
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Equity share capital	10	600.01	600.01
Other equity	11	(2,772.69)	(35.37)
Total equity		(2,172.68)	564.64
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	12	7,622.00	6,510.00
Other non-current financial liabilities	13	3,177.51	2,158.10
		10,799.51	8,668.10

VR Konkan Private Limited
CIN: U45309KA2019PTC124570
Balance sheet as at March 31, 2023

		(Rs. in millions)	
	Notes	As at 31-Mar-23	As at 31-Mar-22
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	12	-	979.59
Trade payables	14		
i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		416.84	45.16
Other current liabilities	15	0.88	7.49
Provisions	16	-	1.58
		417.72	1,033.82
Total liabilities		11,217.23	9,701.92
Total equity and liabilities		9,044.55	10,266.57
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.
As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm registration number: 101049W/E300004

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
VR Konkan Private Limited

Sd/-
per Adarsh Ranka
Partner
Membership No.: 209567
Place: Bengaluru, India
Date: May 30, 2023

Sd/-
Tariq Chinoy
Director
DIN: 08830666
Place: Mumbai, India
Date: May 30, 2023

Sd/-
Jay Viresh Dayani
Director
DIN: 09663289
Place: Mumbai, India
Date: May 30, 2023

VR Konkan Private Limited

CIN:U45309KA2019PTC124570

Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2023

		(Rs. in millions)	
	Notes	For the year ended 31-Mar-23	For the year ended 31-Mar-22
Other income	17	30.13	21.15
Total income		30.13	21.15
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	18	7.18	6.38
Finance costs	20	18.82	16.84
Other expenses	19	568.35	21.68
Total expenses		594.35	44.90
Loss before exceptional items and tax		(564.22)	(23.75)
Exceptional items	21	2,173.11	-
Loss before tax		(2,737.33)	(23.75)
Tax expenses			
Current tax		-	-
Deferred tax charge/ (credit)		-	-
Income tax expense		-	-
Loss for the year		(2,737.33)	(23.75)
Other comprehensive income			
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:		-	-
Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plan		-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		(2,737.33)	(23.75)
Earnings per equity share (in Rs.) [nominal value of Rs. 10]			
Basic and Diluted	24	(45.62)	(0.40)
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm registration number: 101049W/E300004

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
VR Konkan Private Limited

Sd/-
per Adarsh Ranka
Partner
Membership No.: 209567
Place: Bengaluru, India
Date: May 30, 2023

Sd/-
Tariq Chinoy
Director
DIN: 08830666
Place: Mumbai, India
Date: May 30, 2023

Sd/-
Jay Viresh Dayani
Director
DIN: 09663289
Place: Mumbai, India
Date: May 30, 2023

VR Konkan Private Limited

CIN: U45309KA2019PTC124570

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2023

a. Equity share capital

	No of Shares in million	Amount in Rs. million
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid		
At April 1, 2021	60.00	600.01
At March 31, 2022	60.00	600.01
At March 31, 2023	60.00	600.01

b. Other equity*

For the year ended March 31, 2023

(Rs. in millions)

	Attributable to equity holders of the Company	Total
	Reserves and Surplus	
	Retained earnings	
As at April 1, 2022	(35.36)	(35.36)
Loss for the year	(2,737.33)	(2,737.33)
Other comprehensive income		
Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans	-	-
At March 31, 2023	(2,772.69)	(2,772.69)

For the year ended March 31, 2022

(Rs. in millions)

	Attributable to equity holders of the Company	Total
	Reserves and Surplus	
	Retained earnings	
As at April 1, 2021	(11.62)	(11.62)
Loss for the year	(23.75)	(23.75)
Other comprehensive income		
Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans	-	-
At March 31, 2022	(35.36)	(35.36)

*Also refer note 11

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm registration number: 101049W/E300004

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

VR Konkan Private Limited

Sd/-

per Adarsh Ranka

Partner

Membership No.: 209567

Place: Bengaluru, India

Date: May 30, 2023

Sd/-

Tariq Chinoy

Director

DIN: 08830666

Place: Mumbai, India

Date: May 30, 2023

Sd/-

Jay Viresh Dayani

Director

DIN: 09663289

Place: Mumbai, India

Date: May 30, 2023

VR Konkan Private Limited
CIN: U45309KA2019PTC124570
Statement of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2023

	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Operating activities		
Loss before tax	(2,737.33)	(23.75)
<i>Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:</i>		
Impairment Loss	2,173.11	-
Finance income (including fair value change in financial instruments)	(21.41)	(21.15)
Finance costs (including fair value change in financial instruments)	568.35	21.68
<i>Working capital adjustments:</i>		
(Increase)/ decrease in other financial assets	(0.17)	(1.08)
(Increase)/ decrease in other assets	(37.40)	(39.14)
Increase/ (decrease) in other non-current financial liabilities	0.00	(3.67)
Increase/ (decrease) in other current liabilities	(6.61)	0.74
Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables	371.67	25.81
Increase/ (decrease) in provision	(1.58)	1.58
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	308.63	(38.97)
Income tax paid (net of refund)	(3.48)	(0.12)
Net cash flows from/ (used in) operating activities (A)	305.15	(39.09)
Investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment & investment property (including Capital work in progress)	(404.25)	(307.75)
Investment in fixed deposits	(0.26)	(32.00)
Redemption of fixed deposits	32.00	16.25
Interest received	21.41	1.20
Net cash flows used in investing activities (B)	(351.10)	(322.30)
Financing activities		
Proceed from Issue of debenture	1,112.00	-
Proceeds from term loan from banks & financial institutions	109.60	479.59
Repayment of term loan from banks & financial institutions	(1,089.19)	-
Interest paid (gross)	(77.85)	(108.54)
Net cash flows from financing activities (C)	54.57	371.05
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	8.61	9.67
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year (refer note 9)	14.74	5.07
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (refer note 9)	23.35	14.74

Summary of significant accounting policies 2.2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.
As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm registration number: 101049W/E300004

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
VR Konkan Private Limited

Sd/-
per Adarsh Ranka
Partner
Membership No.: 209567
Place: Bengaluru, India
Date: May 30, 2023

Sd/-
Tariq Chinoy
Director
DIN: 08830666
Place: Mumbai, India
Date: May 30, 2023

Sd/-
Jay Viresh Dayani
Director
DIN: 09663289
Place: Mumbai, India
Date: May 30, 2023

VR Konkan Private Limited

CIN:U45309KA2019PTC124570

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

1 Corporate Information

VR Konkan Private Limited ("the Company") was incorporated on May 23, 2019. The Company is engaged in carrying on the business of real estate development, construction, leasing and related services. With effect from March 18, 2022, the name of the Company was changed from Elpis Ventures Private Limited to VR Konkan Private Limited.

The Company is a private limited company incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office at Bangalore, India. Its debentures are listed on BSE Limited.

The financial statements have been authorised for issuance by the Company's Board of Directors on May 30, 2023.

2 Significant accounting policies**2.1 Basis of preparation**

These financial statements are separate financial statements prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS compliant Schedule III).

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments)

The financial statements are presented in INR and all values are rounded to the nearest millions, except when otherwise indicated.

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies**a) Revenue recognition****i Rental income from operating leases**

Rental income receivable under operating leases (excluding variable rental income) is recognized in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease including lease income on fair value of refundable security deposits. Rental income under operating leases having variable rental income is recognized as per the terms of the contract. Revenue in excess of billings on rental contracts is recorded as unbilled receivables and is included in other current financial assets.

Also refer note 2.2(x) below.

ii. Interest income

Interest income, including income arising from other financial instruments, is recognised using the effective interest rate method. Interest on delayed payment by customers are accounted when reasonable certainty of collection is established.

iii. Dividend income

Revenue is recognised when the shareholders' or unit holders' right to receive payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

b) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition/construction, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing costs if capitalization criteria are met, directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use and initial estimate of decommissioning, restoring and similar liabilities. Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item is depreciated separately. This applies mainly to components for machinery. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of property, plant and equipment is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

VR Konkan Private Limited

CIN:U45309KA2019PTC124570

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition of property, plant and equipment which take substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are also included to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the Property, plant and equipment is derecognised.

Expenditure directly relating to construction activity is capitalised. Indirect expenditure incurred during construction period is capitalised to the extent to which the expenditure is indirectly related to construction or is incidental thereto. Other indirect expenditure (including borrowing costs) incurred during the construction period which is not related to the construction activity nor is incidental thereto is charged to the statement of profit and loss.

Cost of assets not ready for use at the balance sheet date are disclosed under capital work-in-progress.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets.

c) Investment properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

The cost includes the cost of replacing parts and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of the investment property are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Though the Company measures investment property using cost based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined based on an annual evaluation performed by an accredited external independent valuer.

Investment properties are de-recognized either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the period of de-recognition.

d) Impairment of non financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

Impairment losses, including impairment on inventories, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

VR Konkan Private Limited

CIN:U45309KA2019PTC124570

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

e) Depreciation on Property, plant and equipment and Investment property

Depreciation is calculated on a written down value basis using the following useful lives prescribed under Schedule II, except where specified.

Particulars	Useful lives estimated by the management (in years)
Buildings	60
Buildings (temporary structures)	3
Plant and machinery	
i. General plant and machinery	15
ii. Plant and Machinery - Electrical installations	10
Furniture and fixtures	10
Computers	3

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment and investment property are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

f) Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Company recognises lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and / or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

g) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

VR Konkan Private Limited
CIN:U45309KA2019PTC124570

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

h) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. The Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through OCI are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Debt instruments and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

This category is the most relevant to the Company. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

Debt instrument at FVTOCI

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- b) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI).

Debt instrument at FVTPL

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

In addition, the Company may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). The Company has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPL.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised when:

- ▶ The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- ▶ The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as payables, as appropriate.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Company. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is due within 12 months after reporting period. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

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i) Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as investments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

j) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition/ construction of qualifying assets are capitalised until the time all substantial activities necessary to prepare the qualifying assets for their intended use are complete. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use/ sale. All other borrowing costs not eligible for inventorisation/ capitalisation are charged to statement of profit and loss.

k) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

l) Retirement and other employee benefits

Short term employee benefits :

All employee benefits falling due wholly within twelve months of rendering the services are classified as short term employee benefits, which include benefits like salaries, short term compensated absences, performance incentives, etc. and are recognised as expense in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Defined-contribution plans :

The Company has defined contribution plans (where Company pays pre-defined amounts and does not have any legal or informal obligation to pay additional sums) for post employment benefits (viz., provident fund), and the Company's contributions thereto are charged to the statement of profit and loss every year.

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Defined-benefit plans :

The Company has a defined benefit plan (viz., Gratuity) for employees, the liability for which is determined on the basis of valuation carried out by an independent actuary at the balance sheet date. However, Payment of Gratuity Act is not applicable to Company as at balance sheet date, since the specified limit of employees under the Act has not been met.

Other long term employee benefits :

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next 12 months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability, are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to statement of profit or loss in subsequent periods.

The Company treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the year-end. The Company presents the entire leave as a current liability in the balance sheet, since it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for twelve months after the reporting date. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to statement of profit and loss and are not deferred.

m) Provisions

A provision is recognized when an enterprise has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of embodying economic benefits of resources will be required to settle a reliably assessable obligation. Provisions are determined based on best estimate required to settle each obligation at each balance sheet date. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

n) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

o) Earnings per share

Basic earnings / (loss) per share is computed by dividing the net profit / (loss) attributable to equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

The number of shares used in computing diluted earnings / (loss) per share comprises the weighted average shares considered for deriving basic earning / (loss) per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the year, unless they have been issued at a later date. In computing diluted earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and which either reduce earning per share or increase loss per share are included.

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p) Taxes

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax.

Current income tax

Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income Tax Act. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred income tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

> When the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) may become payable when the taxable profit is lower than the book profit. Taxes paid under MAT are available as a set off against regular corporate tax payable in subsequent years, as per the provisions of Income Tax Act. MAT paid in a year is charged to the statement of profit and loss as current tax for the year. The deferred tax asset is recognised for MAT credit available only to the extent that it is probable that the concerned company will pay normal income tax during the specified period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the company recognizes MAT credit as an asset, it is created by way of credit to the statement of profit and loss and shown as part of deferred tax asset. The company reviews the "MAT credit entitlement" asset at each reporting date and writes down the asset to the extent that it is no longer probable that it will pay normal tax during the specified period.

q) Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting monetary items of Company at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognised as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

r) Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Company as a lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

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i) Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets. If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment.

ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

iii) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of certain assets (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of certain assets that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Company as a lessor

The Company earns revenue from acting as a lessor in operating leases which do not transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an investment property.

Rental income arising from operating leases on investment property is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term and is included in revenue in the statement of profit or loss due to its operating nature, except for contingent rental income which is recognised when it arises. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income. Rental income under operating leases having variable rental income is recognised as per the term of the contract.

Lease incentives that are paid or payable to the lessee are deducted from lease payments. Accordingly, tenant lease incentives are recognised as a reduction of rental revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The lease term is the non-cancellable period of the lease together with any further term for which the tenant has the option to continue the lease, where, at the inception of the lease, the Company is reasonably certain that the tenant will exercise that option.

The initial direct costs and tenant lease incentives are presented as other assets in the line item 'Prepaid expenses' in the Balance sheet.

Amounts received from tenants to terminate leases or to compensate for dilapidations are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the right to receive them arises.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

s) **Cash dividend to equity holders of the Company**

The Company recognises a liability to make cash distributions to equity holders of the Company when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. Final dividends on shares are recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders and interim dividends are recorded as a liability on the date of declaration by the Company's Board of Directors.

3 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

a) **Judgements**

In the process of applying the accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Classification of investment property

The Company determines whether a property is classified as investment property or inventory property based on management's estimated ultimate end use pattern.

Investment property comprises land and buildings, principally offices, that are not occupied substantially for use by, or in the operations of the Company, nor for sale in the ordinary course of business, but are held primarily to earn rental income and capital appreciation. The buildings are substantially rented to tenants and not intended to be sold in the ordinary course of business. Inventory property comprises property that is held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

b) **Estimates and assumptions**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

i) **Taxes**

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

ii) **Fair value measurement of financial instruments**

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the DCF model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments. See note 27 for further disclosures.

iii) **Valuation of Investment property under construction**

Impairment exists when the carrying value of investment property exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value of investment property is determined by management by updating valuation performed by an independent valuation specialist using recognised valuation techniques and the principles of Ind AS 113 Fair Value Measurement. The fair value of investment property is based on direct comparison approach. The fair value is sensitive to various assumptions used for extrapolation purposes. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. The significant methods used by the specialist in estimating the fair value of investment property are set out in Note 4.1.

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4 Property, plant and equipment

	(Rs. in millions)		
	Computers	Office Equipments	Total
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2021	-	-	-
Additions	0.16	-	0.16
Disposals	-	-	-
At 31 March 2022	0.16	-	0.16
Additions	0.36	0.04	0.40
Disposals	-	-	-
At 31 March 2023	0.52	0.04	0.56
Depreciation and impairment			
At 1 April 2021	-	-	-
Charge for the year (refer note below)	0.03	-	0.03
Disposals	-	-	-
At 31 March 2022	0.03	-	0.03
Charge for the year (refer note below)	0.11	0.01	0.12
Disposals	-	-	-
At 31 March 2023	0.14	0.01	0.15
Net Book value			
At 31 March 2021	-	-	-
At 31 March 2022	0.13	-	0.13
At 31 March 2023	0.38	0.04	0.42

a) Property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of Rs. NIL (March 31, 2022 - 0.13 millions) are subject to a first charge to secure the Company's bank loans. The Company has repaid its secured borrowings during the year.

Note: The Company has capitalised the depreciation expense in relation to property, plant and equipment, accordingly there is no impact on the statement of profit and loss.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

4.1 Capital work in progress (including investment property under construction)

	(Rs. in millions)
	Total
As at 1 April 2021	8,651.23
- Additions	1,326.99
- Capitalised during the year	-
As at 31 March 2022	9,978.22
- Additions	932.88
- Capitalised during the year	-
- Impairment	(2,173.00)
As at 31 March 2023	8,738.00

Capital work in progress ("CWIP") aging schedule

					(Rs. in millions)
As at 31 March 2023	Amount of CWIP for a period of				
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1- 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress*	932.88	1,326.99	1,481.94	7,169.29	10,911.11
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

* Above figure does not include impairment Loss of Rs. 2,173.11 million.

					(Rs. in millions)
As at 31 March 2022	Amount of CWIP for a period of				
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1- 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	1,326.99	1,481.94	7,169.29	-	9,978.22
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

Note:

a) Capitalised borrowing costs: The amount of borrowing costs capitalised during the year ended March 31, 2023 is Rs. 528.90 millions (March 31, 2022 - Rs. 1,019.38 millions). The rate used to determine the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is ranging from 13% to 16%, which is the effective interest rate of the respective borrowings.

b) Capital work-in progress represents investment property under construction amounting to Rs. 8,738.00 million as at March 31, 2023 (March 31, 2022 - Rs. 9,978.22 million).

Fair value hierarchy for investment property under construction has been provided in note 27.

c) Capital work-in progress with carrying amount of Rs. NIL (March 31, 2022 - 9,978.22 millions) are subject to a first charge to secure the Company's bank loans. The Company has repaid its secured borrowings during the year.

d) As per Company's business plan, the project would be a mixed used development consisting of Commercial, Retail and Serviced Residential properties. As at March 31, 2023, the Company has incurred land cost and other related expenses which has been classified as Capital work-in-progress. On finalisation of the project plan and obtaining necessary approvals, the management would reclassify the land cost and other related expenses based on their ultimate end use pattern.

e) As on March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, there are no capital work-in-progress projects whose completion is overdue or has exceeded the cost, based on original approved plan.

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5 Investments

	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Non-current investments:		
Investments carried at fair value through profit and loss		
Unquoted equity shares		
1 (March 31, 2022-1) equity share of VR Vidarbha Limited	0.00	0.00
1 (March 31, 2022-1) equity share of VR Majha Limited	0.00	0.00
Total investments	0.00	0.00
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	0.00	0.00
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	-	-

6 Loans

	(Rs. in millions)	
	Non-current	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Inter-corporate deposit		
Unsecured, considered good (refer note 22)	142.50	142.50
	142.50	142.50

Loans and advances due by directors or other officers, etc.

	(Rs. in millions)	
	Non-current	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Dues from VR South Asia Private Limited in which the Company's director is a director	142.50	142.50

Disclosure required under Section 186(4) of the Companies Act 2013

Included in loans are certain intercorporate deposits the particulars of which are disclosed below as required by Section 186(4) of the Companies Act 2013

Name of the loanee	Rate of Interest	Due date	Secured/ unsecured	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
VR South Asia Private Limited	14%	Dec 6, 2029	Unsecured	107.50	107.50
VR South Asia Private Limited	14%	Dec 23, 2030	Unsecured	35.00	35.00

The loan granted has been utilized for acquisition land.

b) The management is of the view that the investments made and the terms and conditions of the grant of loans and advances in the nature of loans are not prejudicial to the Company's interest considering the economic interest and/or furtherance of the business objectives of the Company.

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7 Other financial assets

	(Rs. in millions)			
	Current		Non-Current	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Others				
Security deposits	-	-	0.01	0.01
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	0.00	1.09	-	-
Interest accrued on inter-company deposit	-	-	52.63	36.32
Advance to vendor	1.26	-	-	-
	1.26	1.09	52.64	36.33

8 Other assets

	(Rs. in millions)			
	Current		Non-Current	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Advances receivable in cash or kind				
Unsecured, considered good	0.08	0.05	-	-
Others				
Prepaid expenses	0.02	0.03	-	-
Balances with statutory/ government authorities (refer note 25(b))	-	-	82.19	61.14
	0.10	0.07	82.19	61.14

9 Cash and bank balances

	(Rs. in millions)			
	Current		Non-Current	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash in hand	0.00	0.02	-	-
<i>Balances with banks:</i>				
– On current accounts	23.35	14.72	-	-
	23.35	14.74	-	-
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents				
– Margin money deposit	0.26	32.00	-	-
	0.26	32.00	-	-
	23.61	46.74	-	-

Margin money deposits given as security

Margin money deposits with a carrying amount of Rs. 0.26 million (March 31, 2022 - 32.00 million) are subject to first charge to secure the Company's borrowings.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:		(Rs. in millions)	
		31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Cash in hand		0.00	0.02
<i>Balances with banks:</i>			
– On current accounts		23.35	14.72
		23.35	14.72

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities :			(Rs. in millions)
Particulars	Non-current borrowings	Current borrowings	Total
Net debt as at April 1, 2021	7,010.00	-	7,010.00
Cash inflows	-	479.59	479.59
Cash Outflows	-	-	-
Others*	(500.00)	500.00	-
Net debt as at March 31, 2022	6,510.00	979.59	7,489.59
Cash inflows	1,112.00	109.60	1,221.60
Cash Outflows	-	(1,089.19)	(1,089.19)
Others*	-	-	-
Net debt as at March 31, 2023	7,622.00	-	7,622.00

* Others indicate the effect of movement in reclassification of current portion of long-term borrowings to other financial liabilities basis the balance repayment period.

Break up of financial assets carried at amortised cost

(Rs. in millions)		
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Loans (refer note 6)	142.50	142.50
Other financial assets (refer note 7)	53.90	37.41
Cash and bank balances (refer note 9)	23.61	46.74
Total financial assets carried at amortised cost	220.02	226.65

Note: Receivables and deposits are non-derivative financial assets which generate a fixed or variable interest income for the Company. The carrying value may be affected by changes in the credit risk of the counterparties.

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VR Konkan Private Limited
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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

10 Share Capital

	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Authorised shares		
60,001,000 (March 31, 2022 - 60,001,000) equity shares of Rs.10 each	600.01	600.01
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares		
60,001,000 (March 31, 2022 - 60,001,000) equity shares of Rs.10 each	600.01	600.01
Total issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital	600.01	600.01

(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the reporting year

	31-Mar-23		31-Mar-22	
	No of shares	Rs. in millions	No of shares	Rs. in millions
<i>Equity shares</i>				
At the beginning of the period	60,001,000	600.01	60,001,000	600.01
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the period	60,001,000	600.01	60,001,000	600.01

(b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

All equity shares rank equally with regard to share in the Company's residual assets. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. The voting rights of an equity shareholder on a poll (not on show of hands) are in proportion to its share of the paid-up equity capital of the Company. Voting rights cannot be exercised in respect of shares on which any call or other sums presently payable have not been paid. Failure to pay any amount called up on shares may lead to forfeiture of the shares. On winding up of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the Company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

(c) Shares held by holding/ ultimate holding company and/ or their subsidiaries/ associates

	31-Mar-23		31-Mar-22	
	No of Shares	Rs. in millions	No of Shares	Rs. in millions
<i>Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up</i>				
Moribus Holdings Pte Limited, Singapore	60,000,999	600.01	60,000,999	600.01

(d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

	31-Mar-23		31-Mar-22	
	No of Shares	Holding percentage	No of Shares	Holding percentage
<i>Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up</i>				
Moribus Holdings Pte Limited, Singapore	60,000,999	99.99%	60,000,999	99.99%

Note : As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declaration received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(e) Shares held by promoters

March 31, 2023

Promoter name/ Class of shares	No of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No of shares at the end of the year	% of Total shares	% Change during the year
Moribus Holdings Pte Limited, Singapore (Equity shares of Rs. 10 each)	60,000,999	-	60,000,999	99.99%	0%

March 31, 2022

Promoter name/ Class of shares	No of shares at the beginning of the year	Change during the year	No of shares at the end of the year	% of Total shares	% Change during the year
Moribus Holdings Pte Limited, Singapore (Equity shares of Rs. 10 each)	60,000,999	-	60,000,999	99.99%	0%

11 Other equity

	Rs. in millions	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Deficit in the statement of profit and loss		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(35.37)	(11.62)
Loss for the year	(2,737.33)	(23.75)
<i>Other comprehensive income</i>		
Re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans	-	-
Net deficit in the statement of profit and loss	(2,772.69)	(35.37)
Total other equity	(2,772.69)	(35.37)

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VR Konkan Private Limited

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

12 Borrowings

	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Non-current borrowings		
Unsecured debentures		
7,622 (March 31, 2022 - 6,510) Listed & tradable redeemable non-convertible debentures [RNCD] of Rs.1 million each *	7,622.00	6,510.00
Total non-current borrowings	7,622.00	6,510.00
Current borrowings		
Secured loans		
Term loans from financial institutions	-	979.59
Total current borrowings	-	979.59

Note:

*The Company had issued 6,510 unsecured RNCD of Rs.1,000,000 each in tranches. 2,410 RNCD were issued on November 21, 2019 and were listed on BSE Limited ('BSE') on December 10, 2019 and 4,100 RNCD were issued on December 6, 2019 and were listed on BSE Limited ('BSE') on December 27, 2019 to Robusta Holdings Pte Ltd, Singapore. RNCDs shall carry a coupon rate of 13% p.a. with effect from the date of issuance up to March 31, 2024 and at the rate of 15% from April 01, 2024 up to the date of redemption.

No interest coupon shall be payable on the NCD till March 31, 2024 and accordingly classified the interest payable under non-current financial liabilities as interest accrued but not due on borrowings. Also, refer note 13.

From April 1, 2024 onwards, the Company shall pay interest (including accumulated interest) only on availability of sufficient cash flows (as determined by the Board of Directors) (i.e. on a pay-when-able basis). Interest shall be paid on annual basis, the adequacy of cash flow for payment of interest shall be determined during March of every financial year by considering the financial position of the company.

The Company had further issued 1,112 unsecured RNCD of Rs.1,000,000 each as on October 19, 2022 and were listed on BSE Limited ('BSE') on January 6, 2023 to Robusta Holdings Pte Ltd, Singapore. RNCDs shall carry a coupon rate of 13.60% p.a. with effect from the date of issuance up to March 31, 2023 and at the rate of 13.70% from April 01, 2023 to March 31, 2027 and thereafter at the rate of 16 % upto October 18, 2047.

No interest coupon shall be payable on the NCD till April 01, 2027 and accordingly classified the interest payable under non-current financial liabilities as interest accrued but not due on borrowings. Also, refer note 13.

From April 1, 2027 onwards, the Company shall pay interest (including accumulated interest) only on availability of sufficient cash flows (as determined by the Board of Directors) (i.e. on a pay-when-able basis). Interest shall be paid on annual basis, the adequacy of cash flow for payment of interest shall be determined during March of every financial year by considering the financial position of the company.

The Company may choose to prepay the debentures or any portion thereof by exercising an option ("Prepayment Option") any time after the first anniversary from the date of issue of the debentures.

The price payable on exercise of the prepayment option shall be determined at the discretion of the company, taking into consideration the financial position, then prevailing interest rate, access to alternate funds, etc.

The debentures shall have a right but not an obligation to tender their debentures (in whole or part) pursuant to the prepayment option extended by the Company.

The above mentioned RNCDs and the interest thereon ("subordinated liabilities") have been subordinated to the term loan facility provided by the creditors bank. Accordingly, the subordinated liabilities cannot be repaid/ settled until after the final settlement of the term loan outstanding balances provided, however that the Company may undertake repayment permitted by the creditor bank subject to the terms and conditions of the subordination deed.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(A) Non-current borrowings

Unsecured debentures

Particulars	Amount outstanding (Rs. in million)		Effective Interest rate	Security details	Repayment terms
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22			
Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures (RNCD)	6,510.00	6,510.00	13%-15%	No securities against the debentures.	Repayable on November 20, 2044.
Redeemable Non Convertible Debentures (RNCD)	1,112.00	-	13%-16%	No securities against the debentures.	Repayable on October 18, 2047.

(B) Current borrowings

Term loans from financial institution

Particulars	Amount outstanding		Effective Interest rate	Security details	Repayment terms
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22			
Term loans from financial institution **	-	979.59	13%	Secured by exclusive mortgage on the property, exclusive charge by way of hypothecation on certain assets in relation to the property.	The company has repaid all the loan on Oct 21, 2022.

** Includes borrowings and sanctioned working capital limits on the basis of security of current assets during any point of time of the year. There were no requirements of filing quarterly returns or statements as per the terms of the borrowings and sanctioned working capital limits in this regard and accordingly the Company has not filed any quarterly returns/ statements during the year.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

13 Other financial liabilities

(Rs. in millions)

	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Non current		
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings (refer note 22)	3,177.51	2,158.10
Total non-current other financial liabilities	3,177.51	2,158.10
Current		
Interest accrued and due on borrowings	-	-
Total other current financial liabilities	-	-
Total other financial liabilities	3,177.51	2,158.10

14 Trade payables

(Rs. in millions)

	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Trade payables		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 22)	416.84	45.16
	416.84	45.16

Trade payables aging schedule As at 31 March 2023

(Rs. in millions)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payments *				Total
	Less than 1 year	1- 2 years	2- 3 years	More than 3 years	
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	412.09	4.75	-	-	416.84
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
Total	412.09	4.75	-	-	416.84

* similar information where no due date of payment is specified in that case disclosure is made from the date of the transaction.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

As at 31 March 2022					(Rs. in millions)
Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payments *				Total
	Less than 1 year	1- 2 years	2- 3 years	More than 3 years	
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	45.16	-	-	-	45.16
Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
Total	45.16	-	-	-	45.16

* similar information where no due date of payment is specified in that case disclosure is made from the date of the transaction.

Terms and conditions of the above financial liabilities:

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30 to 60 day terms.

Based on the information available with the Company, there are no suppliers who are registered as micro, small or medium enterprises under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" as at March 31, 2023. This has been relied upon by the

For explanations on the Company's credit risk management processes, refer to note 28.

15 Other liabilities

	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Payable towards statutory dues	0.88	7.49
	0.88	7.49

16 Provisions

	(Rs. in millions)	
	Short term	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Provision for employee benefits		
Provision for leave benefits	-	1.58
	-	1.58

Note: The Company does not have any employees on roll and hence no provision has been created as at March 31, 2023

Breakup of financial liabilities carried at amortised cost

	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Borrowings (refer note 12)	7,622.00	6,510.00
Other financial liabilities (refer note 13)	3,177.51	2,158.10
Trade payables (refer note 14)	416.84	45.16
Total financial liabilities carried at amortised cost	11,216.34	8,713.26

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

17 Other income

	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Interest income		
- On bank deposits	1.46	1.20
- On inter-corporate deposits	19.95	19.95
Sale of Scrap	6.26	-
Other non-operational Income	2.46	-
	30.13	21.15

18 Employee benefits expense

	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Salaries, wages and bonus	6.74	5.97
Compensated absence	-	0.25
Staff welfare expenses	0.45	0.16
	7.18	6.38

19 Other expenses

	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Housekeeping and security service	0.05	-
Power, fuel and water	0.04	0.00
Parking expenses	0.11	0.00
Communication expenses	0.10	0.03
Legal and professional fees (includes payment to auditor)*	12.30	10.86
Printing and stationery	0.01	0.02
Travelling and conveyance	0.73	0.62
Repairs & maintenance - Others	0.09	0.10
Insurance	0.83	0.03
Rates and taxes	2.59	0.20
Foreign exchange loss (net)	-	4.69
Miscellaneous expenses	1.97	0.27
	18.82	16.84

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

*** Payment to auditor #**

	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
As auditor:		
Audit fee [including for Limited review Rs. 0.94 million (Previous year - Rs. 0.6 million)]	1.70	1.98
In other capacity:		
Other services	0.77	0.36
Reimbursement of expenses	0.05	0.01
	<u>2.51</u>	<u>2.35</u>
# Net of taxes		

20 Finance costs

	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Interest		
- On RNCD's	1,019.41	931.99
- On term loans	75.27	108.54
	<u>1,094.68</u>	<u>1,040.53</u>
Less: Interest capitalised on qualifying assets	(528.90)	(1,019.38)
Foreclosure Charges	2.41	-
Bank charges	0.16	0.53
Total finance costs	<u>568.35</u>	<u>21.68</u>

21 Exceptional Item

	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Impairment Loss (refer note 30)	2,173.11	-
Total exceptional item	<u>2,173.11</u>	<u>-</u>

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

22 Related party transactions

a) The following table provides the name of the related party and the nature of its relationship with the Company:

Ultimate Holding Company

Virtuous Retail South Asia Pte Ltd, Singapore

Holding Company

Moribus Holdings Pte. Ltd

Fellow Subsidiaries

VR Dakshin Private Limited

Robusta Holdings Pte Ltd, Singapore

Virtuous Retail Property Services LLP

VR Vidarbha Limited

VR Majha Private Limited (formerly known as Alena Ventures Limited)

VR South Asia Private Limited

Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Mr. Kumaran Rajamanickam Walaja (Director) (from September 25, 2020 till July 12, 2022)

Mr. Darren Mayantha Ansell (Director) (from September 25, 2020 till January 6, 2022)

Mr. Nipun Jain (Director) (from January 6, 2022 till July 1, 2022)

Ms. Surbhi Shirish Zawar (Company Secretary) (from May 01, 2021 till August 14, 2022)

Mr. Tariq Chinoy (Director) (from July 1, 2022)

Mr. Sanjeev Sharma (Director from April 25, 2022 till February 14, 2023)

Mr. Ladella Nanda Kishore (Director) (from July 12, 2022 till March 31, 2023)

Mrs. Sumi Gupta (Director) (from March 31, 2023)

Mr. Sanjeev Jain Kumar (Director) (from March 10, 2023)

Mr. Jay Dayani (Director) (from March 10, 2023)

Mr. Pradeep Jyoti Banerjee (Director) (from March 10, 2023)

b) Details of the transactions with the related parties:

Particulars	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
I. Transactions with related parties		
Interest expense on Non-convertible debentures (RNCD's)*		
Robusta Holdings Pte Ltd, Singapore **	1,019.41	931.99
* of the amount of interest, Rs. 472.05 million (March 31, 2022: Rs. 931.99 million) has been capitalised in CWIP		
Interest Income on Inter corporate deposits given to related party		
VR South Asia Private Limited	19.95	19.95
Mall Development Fee***		
Virtuous Retail South Asia Pte Ltd, Singapore	-	124.61
VR South Asia Private Limited	367.63	35.48
Re-imburement towards expense		
Virtuous Retail Property Services LLP	1.71	0.80
Shared service expense		
Virtuous Retail Property Services LLP	-	14.11

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

II. Transaction with key managerial personnel

	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Ms. Surbhi Shirish Zawar	0.45	0.67

c) Details of balances receivable from/ (payable to) related parties are as follows:

	(Rs. in millions)	
Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Balances receivable from/(payable to) related parties		
Listed & tradable redeemable non-convertible debentures (RNCD's)		
Robusta Holdings Pte Ltd, Singapore	7,622.00	6,510.00
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings		
Robusta Holdings Pte Ltd, Singapore	3,177.51	2,158.10
Loans (Inter-corporate deposit)		
VR South Asia Private Limited	142.50	142.50
Interest accrued on inter-company deposit		
VR South Asia Private Limited	52.63	36.32
Investments		
VR Vidarbha Limited	0.00	0.00
VR Majha Limited	0.00	0.00
Trade payables		
Virtuous Retail Property Services LLP	1.84	2.35
VR South Asia Private Limited	385.60	35.48
Virtuous Retail South Asia Pte. Ltd.	12.46	-

** The interest expense on RNCD's mentioned above are payable to existing debenture holders as on March 31, 2023 however the actual beneficiary of the receipt of these amounts could be different at the time of actual payment.

*** During the previous year, the Company has terminated Development Management Agreement with Virtuous Retail South Asia Pte Ltd, Singapore and entered into new agreement with Virtuous Retail South Asia Private Limited (formerly known as Klein Developers Private Limited). The management of the Company has accrued and settled the requisite Mall Development Fee, including for the period pertaining to earlier years (if any), based on revised start timelines agreed by the Company and Virtuous Retail South Asia Pte Ltd, Singapore.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

23 Segment Information

The Company is engaged in carrying on the business of real estate development, construction, leasing and related services. As such, the Company operates in single business and geographical segment and hence disclosing information as per requirements of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments" is not required.

24 Earnings per share ['EPS']

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders (after adjusting for interest on the convertible debentures) by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity shares into Equity Shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Particulars	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Loss after tax attributable to equity shareholders	(2,737.33)	(23.75)
Effect of dilution	-	-
Loss attributable to equity holders adjusted for the effect of dilution	(2,737.33)	(23.75)
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic and diluted EPS (No.)	60.00	60.00
Effect of dilution	-	-
Weighted average number of equity shares adjusted for the effect of dilution (No.)	60.00	60.00

25 Commitments and contingencies

a. Commitments

Particulars	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Capital commitments		
The estimated amount of contracts, net of advances remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	414.59	1,085.78
	414.59	1,085.78

b. Contingent liabilities (to the extent not provided for)

Balances with statutory/ government authorities includes Rs.72.32 million of Goods and service tax input tax credit on goods and services used in commercial development meant for lease. As per Section 17(5) of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, input tax credit shall not be available in respect of works contract services when supplied for construction of an immovable property (other than plant and machinery) except where it is an input service for further supply of works contract service. However, the recent order of Honourable High Court of Odisha reads down the above restriction. The management based on internal assessment and above judicial pronouncement, is of the view that the Company is eligible to claim the input tax credit on the ongoing commercial development meant for lease and accordingly claimed input tax credit as at March 31, 2023 and would not utilise the same till further ruling from the apex court or clarification from the revenue authorities. The Company is confident of a favourable outcome in this regard. However, in the event input tax credit cannot be utilised or subsequently becomes ineligible, the said input tax credit would be capitalised with other direct expenses and would not have any impact on the current year's loss of the Company.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

26 Capital work-in-progress

The Company is developing commercial building at Thane (Mumbai) on land purchased for the purpose of development of mixed use project from J.K Investo trade (India) Private Limited during the financial year 2019-20. During financial year 2020-2021, company had paid additional consideration of Rs. 486.22 million towards land based on agreement for sale and supplementary agreements. The expenditure incurred during the current financial year has been capitalised and carried under Capital work-in-progress ("CWIP") as follows:

	(Rs. in millions)	
	Amount	
Opening Balance	9,978.22	8,651.23
Additions during the year		
Finance cost	528.90	1,019.38
Project consultancy	395.95	244.09
Site expenses, travelling and others	8.03	63.52
Impairment Loss	(2,173.11)	-
Total	8,738.00	9,978.22

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

27 Fair value measurements

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories is as follows:

(Rs. in millions)

Particulars	31-Mar-23			31-Mar-22		
	At Cost	Fair value through profit or	At Amortised Cost	At Cost	Fair value through profit or	At Amortised Cost
Financial assets						
Investments	-	0.00	-	-	0.00	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	23.35	-	-	14.74
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	0.26	-	-	32.00
Loans	-	-	142.50	-	-	142.50
Other financial assets	-	-	53.90	-	-	37.41
Total	-	0.00	220.02	-	0.00	226.65
Financial liabilities						
Borrowings	-	-	7,622.00	-	-	7,489.59
Trade payables	-	-	416.84	-	-	45.16
Other financial liabilities	-	-	3,177.51	-	-	2,158.10
Total	-	-	11,216.34	-	-	9,692.85

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Company's assets and liabilities

(Rs. in millions)

Particulars	31-Mar-23				31-Mar-22			
	Carrying amount	Fair value			Carrying amount	Fair value		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets								
<i>Measured at cost/ amortised cost/fair value through profit and loss</i>								
Investments at cost	0.00	-	-	0.00	0.00	-	-	0.00
Cash and cash equivalents	23.35	-	-	23.35	14.74	-	-	14.74
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	0.26	-	-	0.26	32.00	-	-	32.00
Loans	142.50	-	-	142.50	142.50	-	-	142.50
Other financial assets	53.90	-	-	53.90	37.41	-	-	37.41
	220.02	-	-	220.02	226.65	-	-	226.65
Assets for which fair value are disclosed								
Investment property under construction	8,738.00	-	-	Refer note 30	9,978.22	-	-	Refer note 30
	8,738.00	-	-	-	9,978.22	-	-	-
Financial liabilities								
<i>Measured at amortised cost</i>								
Borrowings	7,622.00	-	-	7,622.00	7,489.59	-	-	7,489.59
Trade payables	416.84	-	-	416.84	45.16	-	-	45.16
Other financial liabilities	3,177.51	-	-	3,177.51	2,158.10	-	-	2,158.10
	11,216.34	-	-	11,216.34	9,692.85	-	-	9,692.85

Notes:

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

There have been no transfers between the levels during the period.

Financial instruments carried at amortised cost such as loans, other financial assets, borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities are considered to be same as their fair values, due to short term nature.

For financial assets & liabilities that are measured at fair value, the carrying amounts are equal to the fair values.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

28 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance and support Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits that derive directly from its project activity.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Company's senior management is supported by a financial risk committee that advises on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company. The financial risk committee provides assurance to the Company's senior management that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below.

A Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk are borrowings.

The sensitivity analysis in the following sections relate to the position as at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022. The sensitivity analyses have been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt, the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt are all constant.

The analysis exclude the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of gratuity and other post retirement obligations and provisions.

The below assumption has been made in calculating the sensitivity analysis:

The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.

a. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings. The Company does not enter into any interest rate swaps. The Company has not taken any variable rate borrowings.

B Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its investing activities (short term bank deposits).

Credit risk from balances with banks is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the Company's Board of Directors on an annual basis, and may be updated throughout the year subject to approval of the Company's Finance Committee. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through a counterparty's potential failure to make payments. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the statement of financial position at March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022 is the carrying amounts.

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

C Liquidity risk

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank deposits and loans.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	(Rs. in millions) Total
Year ended March 31, 2023						
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	7,622.00	7,622.00
Trade payables	-	-	412.09	4.75	-	416.84
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	3,177.51	3,177.51
	-	-	412.09	4.75	10,799.51	11,216.34
Year ended March 31, 2022						
Borrowings	-	-	979.59	-	6,510.00	7,489.59
Trade payables	-	-	45.16	-	-	45.16
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	2,158.10	2,158.10
	-	-	1,024.75	-	8,668.10	9,692.85

29 Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and cash equivalents.

	(Rs. in millions)	
	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
Borrowings (long-term and short-term) (Note 12)	7,622.00	7,489.59
Trade payables (Note 14)	416.84	45.16
Other payables (current and non-current) (Note 13 & 15)	3,178.39	2,165.59
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 9)	(23.35)	(14.74)
Net debt	11,193.88	9,685.61
Equity share capital	600.01	600.01
Other equity	(2,772.69)	(35.37)
Total capital	(2,172.68)	564.64
Capital and net debt	9,021.20	10,250.25
Gearing ratio	124.08%	94.49%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31, 2023.

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- 30** The construction operations and completion timelines of ongoing project were impacted due to outbreak of Covid-19. The Company has suspended the capitalisation of borrowing cost on account of suspension of active development of its ongoing project for the quarter ended December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2023 pending receipt of plan approval in accordance with Ind AS 23.

The Company is carrying capital work in progress as at March 31, 2023 and as regards Company's impairment assessment as at March 31, 2023, the management has estimated the recoverable value after considering increased FSI under Unified Development Control and Promotion Regulations dated December 2, 2020 and has recognised impairment loss of Rs. 2,173.11 million in the statement of profit and loss which represents written down value of capital work in progress to the recoverable amount. The management is confident of obtaining requisite approvals for its ongoing project from concerned authorities in due course of time. The Company will continue to closely monitor the project timeline and take into account any future developments arising out of the same.

31 Standards issued but not effective

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Amendment Rules 2022 dated March 23, 2022 to amend the following Ind AS which are effective from April 01, 2023:

(i) Definition of Accounting Estimates - Amendments to Ind AS 8

The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. It has also been clarified how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023 and apply to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period.

(ii) Disclosure of Accounting Policies - Amendments to Ind AS 1

The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments to Ind AS 1 are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023. Consequential amendments have been made in Ind AS 107.

The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

- 32** Forward contracts entered for the purpose of hedging, which were outstanding as on March 31, 2023 is Nil (March 31, 2022 -Nil). Unhedged foreign currency exposure as on March 31, 2023 is as follows:

Unhedged foreign currency exposure

Underlying asset/liability	Foreign currency	31-Mar-23		31-Mar-22	
		Amount in foreign currency	Amount is Rs. millions	Amount in foreign currency	Amount is Rs. millions
Trade payables	USD	63,556.00	4.26	63,556.00	4.73
Trade payables	HKD	69,500.00	0.49	69,500.00	0.66

33 Transfer pricing

As per the transfer pricing rules prescribed under the Income-tax Act, 1961, the Company is examining the domestic and international transactions and documentation in respect thereof to ensure compliance with the said rules. The management does not anticipate any material adjustment with regard to the transactions involved.

34 Code of Social Security

The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment benefits received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified and the final rules/interpretation have not yet been issued. The Company will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code becomes effective.

- 35** As per the MCA notification dated August 05, 2022, the Central Government has notified the Companies (Accounts) Fourth Amendment Rules, 2022. As per the amended rules, the Companies are required to maintain back-up of the books of account and other relevant books and papers in electronic mode that should be accessible in India at all times. Also, the Companies are required to maintain such back-up of accounts on servers which are physically located in India, on a daily basis.

The books of account along with other relevant records and papers of the Company are currently maintained in electronic mode. These are readily accessible in India at all times and currently a back-up is maintained on servers located outside India, on a daily basis. The Company is in the process of complying with the requirement of maintaining server(s) physically located in India for back-up of books of account and other relevant books and papers, on a daily basis, pursuant to the amendment.

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- 36 The Company has not complied with the requirements of section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to the appointment of whole time Company Secretary for the year ended March 31, 2023. No provision has been made for the penalty, if any, arising for aforesaid non-compliances as the management is of the view that the non-compliances were on account of factors beyond its control and all reasonable efforts were made by the Company to comply with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013.

37 Ratio analysis and its elements

Sl. No	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	% change	Reason for variance (> 25% change)
1	Current ratio	Current assets	Current liabilities	0.06	0.05	29.00%	Refer note (a)
2	Debt equity ratio	Total debt	Shareholder's equity	-3.51	13.26	-126.45%	Refer note (b)
3	Debt service coverage ratio	Profit/(Loss) before tax + Finance cost	Finance cost + Principal repayment	-1.31	-0.10	1267.42%	Refer note (a) & (b)
4	Return on equity ratio	Net profit/(loss) after taxes – Preference dividend	Average shareholder's equity	3.40	-0.03	-12914.30%	Refer note (b)
5	Inventory turnover ratio			Not applicable			
6	Trade receivable turnover ratio			Not applicable			
7	Trade payable turnover ratio			Not applicable			
8	Net capital turnover ratio			Not applicable			
9	Net profit ratio			Not applicable			
10	Return on capital employed	Profit/(loss) before tax + Finance cost	Shareholder's equity + Non-current borrowings	-0.40	-0.00	135626.45%	Refer note (b)
11	Return on investment			Not applicable			

Notes

- (a) Variance on account of repayment of current borrowings
(b) Variance on account of increase in losses in the current year

- 38 The Company's net worth has become negative and current liabilities exceeded its current assets as at March 31, 2023 indicating uncertainty about company's ability to continue as going concern. However, the Company has obtained a support letter from its Parent indicating that the Parent will take necessary actions to organize for any shortfall in liquidity during the period of 12 months from the balance sheet date. Based on the above, the Company is confident of its ability to meet the funds requirement and to continue its business as a going concern and accordingly, the financial results have been prepared on that basis.

VR Konkan Private Limited

CIN: U45309KA2019PTC124570

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

39 Other statutory informations

- (i) The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- (ii) The Company do not have any transactions with companies struck off.
- (iii) The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- (iv) The Company have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- (v) The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (vi) The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- (vii) The Company have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- (viii) The Company is not a declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.

As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm registration number: 101049W/E300004

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
VR Konkan Private Limited

Sd/-
per Adarsh Ranka
Partner
Membership No.: 209567

Place: Bengaluru, India
Date: May 30, 2023

Sd/-
Tariq Chinoy
Director
DIN: 08830666

Place: Mumbai, India
Date: May 30, 2023

Sd/-
Jay Viresh Dayani
Director
DIN: 09663289

Place: Mumbai, India
Date: May 30, 2023